

and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing.

By the Commission, division 2.

[SEAL] GEORGE B. MCGINTY, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 1135—Filed, July 7, 1936; 12:08 p. m.]

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

### *United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 7th day of July A. D. 1936.

[File No. 37-2]

#### IN THE MATTER OF UNITED CITIES UTILITIES COMPANY

#### NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING AND ORDER DESIGNATING TRIAL EXAMINER

An application having been duly filed with this Commission, pursuant to Section 13 (a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, by United Cities Utilities Company, a registered holding company, for such exemption as to certain transactions as would allow the applicant to pro-rate equitably among its subsidiary companies a portion or all of its actual and necessary costs in management and other services performed for said subsidiary companies, the exemption being requested on the ground that such transactions involve special or unusual circumstances and that such exemption would be in the public interest;

It is ordered that the matter be set down for hearing on July 24, 1936, at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.; and

It is further ordered that Robert P. Reeder, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to preside at such hearing, and authorized to adjourn said hearing from time to time, to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law; and

It is further ordered that any interested state, state commission, state securities commission, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state, or any representative of interested consumers or security holders, or any other person desiring to be admitted as a party in this proceeding or to offer evidence in this matter, shall give notice of such intention to the Commission, such notice to be received by the Commission not later than July 20, 1936.

Upon the completion of the taking of testimony in this matter, the officer conducting said hearing is directed to close the hearing and make his report to the Commission.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 1140—Filed, July 7, 1936; 12:57 p. m.]

### *United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 7th day of July A. D. 1936.

[File No. 37-3]

#### IN THE MATTER OF CORPORATION SERVICES, INC.

#### NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING, APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL AS A MUTUAL SERVICE COMPANY PURSUANT TO RULE 13-22

Corporation Services, Inc., an Indiana corporation, the stock of which is owned by Public Service Company of Indi-

ana, a subsidiary of the trustees of the estate of Midland United Company, and by Northern Indiana Public Service Company, a subsidiary of the trustees of the estate of Midland Utilities Company, and which renders accounting and tax services to companies in the Midland United System, to companies in the Midland Utilities System and to The Peoples Gas Light & Coke Company, and its subsidiaries, having filed with this Commission, pursuant to Rule 13-22, an application for approval as a mutual service company:

It is ordered, that the matter be set down for hearing before this Commission on the 16th day of July 1936, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at Room 1103, Securities and Exchange Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 1142—Filed, July 7, 1936; 1:11 p. m.]

### *United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 7th day of July A. D. 1936.

[File No. 37-4]

#### IN THE MATTER OF MIDLAND STOCK TRANSFER COMPANY

#### NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING, APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL AS A MUTUAL SERVICE COMPANY PURSUANT TO RULE 13-22

Midland Stock Transfer Company, an Illinois corporation, the stock of which is held by the trustees of the estate of Midland United Company, and which renders stock transfer and dividend disbursing services to certain companies in the Midland United or the Midland Utilities System, having filed with this Commission, pursuant to Rules 13-22, an application for approval as a mutual service company:

It is ordered that the matter to be set down for hearing before this Commission on the 16th day of July 1936, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at Room 1103, Securities and Exchange Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 1143—Filed, July 7, 1936; 1:11 p. m.]

Thursday, July 9, 1936

No. 84

## PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

### PERRY'S VICTORY AND INTERNATIONAL PEACE MEMORIAL NATIONAL MONUMENT—OHIO

By the President of the United States of America

#### A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS Public No. 631, 74th Congress, approved June 2, 1936, authorizes the President of the United States to establish by proclamation the hereinafter-described Government lands, together with the Perry's Victory Memorial proper, its approaches, retaining walls, and all buildings, structures, and other property thereon, situated in Put-in-Bay Township, South Bass Island, Ottawa County, Lake Erie, State of Ohio, as the Perry's Victory and International Peace Memorial National Monument, on Put-in-Bay, South Bass Island, in the State of Ohio:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, President of the United States of America, by virtue of and pursuant to the power in me vested by the said Act of June 2, 1936, do proclaim and establish the Perry's Victory and International Peace Memorial National Monument consisting of the following-described Government lands, together with

the Perry's Victory Memorial proper, its approaches, retaining walls, and all buildings, structures, and other property thereon, situated in Put-in-Bay Township, South Bass Island, Ottawa County, Lake Erie, State of Ohio:

Commencing at the intersection of the middle line of Delaware Avenue and Chapman Avenue, in the Village of Put-in-Bay, and running thence south eighty-eight degrees fifty-nine minutes east in the middle line of said Delaware Avenue, and the same extended four hundred and ninety-five feet to Lake Erie; thence north forty-nine degrees fifty-nine minutes east along said lake shore three hundred and forty-six feet; thence north forty-three degrees fourteen minutes east along said lake shore two hundred and twelve feet; thence north fifty-three degrees thirteen minutes east four hundred feet along said lake shore; thence north forty-six degrees six minutes west about seven hundred and thirty feet to Lake Erie; thence southwesterly and westerly along said lake shore to the middle line, extended, of said Chapman Avenue; thence south one degree thirty minutes west along said middle line, and the same extended, about five hundred and twenty feet to the place of beginning, and containing fourteen and twenty-five one-hundredths acres of land and known as a part of lots numbered 1 and 2, range south of county road, and a part of lot numbered 12, East Point, in South Bass Island, in the township of Put-in-Bay, county of Ottawa, State of Ohio.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this Monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of the Monument as provided in the said Act of June 2, 1936.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 6th day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-six and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and sixty-first.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

By the President:

CORDELL HULL  
Secretary of State.

[No. 2182]

[F. R. Doc. 1144—Filed, July 7, 1936; 4:22 p. m.]

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Bureau of Internal Revenue.

[T. D. 4661]

STAMPS INDICATING TAXPAYMENT OF DISTILLED SPIRITS IN BOTTLES

To Collectors of Internal Revenue, District Supervisors, and Others Concerned:

The effective date of Treasury Decision 4642, as amended by Treasury Decision 4647, prohibiting the overprinting of red strip stamps for domestic spirits is hereby extended from July 1, 1936, to August 1, 1936.

[SEAL]

GUY T. HELVERING,  
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Approved, July 3, 1936.

WAYNE C. TAYLOR,  
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 1153—Filed, July 8, 1936; 12:51 p. m.]

[T. D. 4662]

## DUTIES TO BE PERFORMED BY THE ALCOHOL TAX UNIT, BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

To Officers and Employees of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, Collectors of Internal Revenue, and Others Concerned:

1. Pursuant to Section 161, R. S. (U. S. C., 1934 ed., Title 5, Sec. 22), the Alcohol Tax Unit is charged with the administration, under the direction of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, of the laws and regulations concerning the following subjects:

(a) The production, custody, and supervision of distilled spirits, alcohol, wines, fermented liquors, cereal beverages, denatured alcohol, and other such liquors and liquids;

(b) The establishment, construction, operation, custody, and supervision of distilleries, industrial-alcohol plants, bonded warehouses, denaturing plants, wineries, bonded wine storerooms, breweries, rectifying houses, dealcoholizing plants, cereal beverage plants, and other places at which such spirits, liquors, or liquids are produced or stored;

(c) The determination, assertion, and assessment of all internal revenue taxes and penalties pertaining to distilled spirits, alcohol, wines, fermented liquors, cereal beverages, denatured alcohol, denatured rum, and articles containing denatured alcohol or denatured rum, and other such liquors and liquids, and the compromise thereof, except that all moneys shall be received and accounted for by the Collectors of Internal Revenue under the direction of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue;

(d) Inquiries and investigations relating to the filing of returns for occupational and commodity taxes and penalties in respect to distilled spirits, alcohol, wines, fermented liquors, cereal beverages, denatured alcohol, denatured rum, and articles containing denatured alcohol or denatured rum, and other such liquors and liquids;

(e) The investigation, prevention, and detection of violations of the laws pertaining to distilled spirits, alcohol, wines, fermented liquors, cereal beverages, denatured alcohol, denatured rum, or articles containing denatured alcohol or denatured rum, and other such liquors and liquids, or any regulations issued thereunder, and the apprehension of offenders against such laws;

(f) The detention and seizure, for violation of laws relating to distilled spirits, alcohol, wines, fermented liquors, cereal beverages, denatured alcohol, denatured rum, and articles containing denatured alcohol or denatured rum, and other such liquors and liquids, of property, whether real or personal (except seizure under distraint warrant), and the custody, control, sale and disposition of property so seized;

(g) The discharge of liens under section 902 of the Revenue Act of 1926;

(h) The regulation of the size, branding, marking, sale, resale, possession, use, and reuse of containers (of a capacity of less than five wine-gallons) designed or intended for use for the sale at retail of distilled spirits; the issuance, suspension and revocation of permits for the manufacture, storage, procurement and transportation of such containers; and the investigation, prevention, and detection of violations of the laws or regulations pertaining to such containers;

(i) The filing of correct returns by every person disposing of any substance of the character used in the manufacture of distilled spirits; the filing of correct returns by every person disposing of any denatured alcohol, denatured rum, or articles containing denatured alcohol or denatured rum; and the keeping of records of the disposition of such substances, denatured alcohol, denatured rum, and articles containing denatured alcohol or denatured rum.

2. Pursuant to Section 5 of the "Liquor Enforcement Act of 1936", there are hereby conferred and imposed upon the Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue in charge of the Alcohol Tax Unit, and the assistants, inspectors, and agents under his supervision, subject to the direction of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and subject to regulations prescribed by him with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, all the rights, privileges, powers, duties, and protection conferred and imposed upon the Secretary of the

Treasury, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, or any other officer or employee of the Treasury Department by any law now or hereafter in force relating to the taxation, transportation, manufacture, possession, or use of, or traffic in distilled spirits, wines, fermented liquors, or denatured alcohol, in so far as they relate to the duties to be performed by the Alcohol Tax Unit as enumerated in paragraph 1 hereof.

3. Except as has been, or may hereafter be, otherwise provided, all regulations prescribed, all orders and instructions issued, and all forms adopted for the enforcement of the laws heretofore administered by the Commissioner of Industrial Alcohol or the Bureau of Industrial Alcohol, and assistants, inspectors, and agents thereunder, and remaining in effect after the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment, will continue in effect as regulations, orders, instructions, and forms of the Bureau of Internal Revenue: *Provided*, That the term "Commissioner" or "Commissioner of Industrial Alcohol" and the term "Supervisor" or "Supervisor of Permits", wherever used in such regulations, orders, instructions, and forms, shall be held to mean, respectively, "Deputy Commissioner Internal Revenue" and "District Supervisor."

[SEAL]

GUY T. HELVERING,

Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Approved, July 8, 1936.

WAYNE C. TAYLOR,

Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 1154—Filed, July 8, 1936; 12:51 p. m.]

#### Bureau of Narcotics.

[T. D. 22]

#### NARCOTIC REGULATIONS AMENDED—APPLICATIONS FOR REGISTRATION; CLASSES OF REGISTRANTS; USE OF NARCOTICS IN LABORATORIES; FORM OF RECORDS REQUIRED OF CLASS VI REGISTRANTS

#### To Narcotic District Supervisors, Collectors of Internal Revenue, and Others Concerned:

Pursuant to the authority contained in the Acts of December 17, 1914, as amended (38 Stat. 785; U. S. Code (1934 Ed.), Title 26, Sec. 1049) as further amended by the "Revenue Act of 1936", approved June 22, 1936, and June 14, 1930 (46 Stat. 585; U. S. Code (1934 Ed.), Title 5, Sec. 282e), Narcotic Regulations No. 5 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Article 3 of Narcotic Regulations No. 5, as amended by Narcotic Treasury Decision No. 18, approved November 23, 1934, is hereby amended to read as follows:

*Manner and time of registration.*—Every person required to register must execute and file with the collector of internal revenue for the district in which the applicant proposes to engage in an activity involving use of narcotic drugs, an application for registration on Form 678 or 678-A and pay the special tax or taxes enumerated in Article 10. Form 678-A must be executed by new applicants and approved by the collector before the activity is commenced. Form 678 must be executed and filed on or before July 1, and annually thereafter as long as liability is incurred. These forms may be obtained from the collector.

*New applicants.*—All applications on Form 678-A shall be referred by the collector of internal revenue to the appropriate narcotic district supervisor for investigation, report, and recommendation. Applications on Form 678 should also be referred by the collector of internal revenue to the appropriate narcotic district supervisor for investigation, report, and recommendation if there is any doubt as to the applicant's being lawfully entitled to engage in the activity for which he seeks registration.

With respect to new applicants, no collector of internal revenue shall issue a special tax stamp in connection with any registration until information has been submitted to him, by the narcotic district supervisor, that the applicant is properly licensed or otherwise lawfully entitled to engage in the activity in the district in which he seeks registration. With respect to applications of such new applicants for registration as the narcotic district supervisor shall approve, he shall submit to the collector of internal revenue information that said applicants are duly licensed or otherwise lawfully entitled to engage in the activity, as stated.

All applications for registration that are referred to the narcotic district supervisor shall be returned by him to the collector of internal revenue with recommendation for approval or disapproval and with information concerning applicant's lack of license or qualification, within ten days, unless a longer time shall be re-

quired within which to complete an investigation. In the latter event the district supervisor shall, upon or before the expiration of the said ten days, so notify the collector of internal revenue, stating the estimated additional time required.

*Evidence of qualification.*—The application for registration of every person must be supported by his affidavit, or acknowledgment before two witnesses in lieu of oath where the tax covered by the application is not more than \$10 (see Art. 5), showing him to be legally qualified or lawfully entitled under the laws of the jurisdiction in which he is engaged or proposed to engage in any activity to produce, import, manufacture, compound, deal in, dispense, sell, distribute, administer, or give away narcotics.

*False applications.*—The false or fraudulent execution or signing of applications for registration or supporting affidavit as required by the preceding paragraph shall subject the offending person to the penalties provided by Section 3451 of the Revised Statutes.

Article 10 of Narcotic Regulations No. 5 is hereby amended to read as follows:

*Rates of tax.*—Persons subject to tax are divided into classes as shown by the table below:

Class	Annual tax rate	Persons liable
I.....	\$24	Importers, manufacturers, producers, compounders.
II.....	12	Wholesale dealers.
III.....	3	Retail dealers.
IV.....	1	Physicians, dentists, veterinary surgeons and other practitioners.
V.....	1	Manufacturers of and dealers in exempt preparations (including dispensing physicians).
VI.....	1	Persons not registered in Class I, but lawfully entitled to obtain and use in a laboratory narcotics for purpose of research, instruction or analyses.

<sup>1</sup> Physicians, dentists, veterinary surgeons and other practitioners, and manufacturers of and dealers in exempt preparations (including dispensing practitioners), must pay the tax of \$1 a year or for any fractional part thereof except that person paying tax in any of the Classes 1 to 4, inclusive, are not required to pay tax on account of manufacture or sale of exempt preparations.

*NOTE.*—In Classes 1 to 3, inclusive, and in Class 0, if business is commenced after the month of July, the amount due is to be reckoned proportionately from the first day of the month in which business is begun to July 1 following. When business is done during the month of July, tax must be paid for the full year and no part thereof may be refunded, regardless of whether or not the taxpayer intends to remain or does remain in business for a year. The tax in Classes 4 or 5 is at the rate of \$1 a year or any fraction thereof, regardless of when business is first commenced.

Article 14 of Narcotic Regulations No. 5 is hereby amended to read as follows:

*Laboratory use.*—Chemists occupying an independent status and not that of employees, in other words, in business for themselves, who, being thereunto lawfully entitled, make analyses of narcotic drugs or preparations or use such drugs in analyzing other substances in a laboratory, and other persons lawfully entitled to obtain and use in a laboratory any narcotic drugs or preparations for the purpose of research, instruction, or analysis, if not registered in Class 1, are liable to tax in Class 6, provided that no narcotic drugs or preparations are manufactured or compounded for sale or for removal for consumption or sale.

Pursuant to the authority contained in Section 806 of the Revenue Act of 1936, approved June 22, 1936, the following additional Article, to be known as Article 113, is hereby added to Narcotic Regulations No. 5:

*Sec. 806. Registration Under the Narcotic Laws.*—(a) The fourth paragraph of section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of, with collectors of internal revenue, and to impose a special tax upon all persons who produce, import, manufacture, compound, deal in, dispense, sell, distribute, or give away opium or coca leaves, their salts, derivatives, or preparations, and for other purposes", approved December 17, 1914, as amended (38 Stat. 785), is amended to read as follows:

"Importers, manufacturers, producers, or compounders, lawfully entitled to import, manufacture, produce, or compound any of the aforesaid drugs, \$24 per annum; wholesale dealers, lawfully entitled to sell and deal in any of the aforesaid drugs, \$12 per annum; retail dealers, lawfully entitled to sell and deal in any of the aforesaid drugs, \$3 per annum; physicians, dentists, veterinary surgeons, and other practitioners, lawfully entitled to distribute, dispense, give away, or administer any of the aforesaid drugs to patients upon whom they, in the course of their professional practice, are in attendance, \$1 per annum or fraction thereof during which they engage in any of such activities; persons not registered as an importer, manufacturer, producer, or compounder and lawfully entitled to obtain and use in a laboratory any of the aforesaid drugs for the purpose of research, instruction, or analysis shall pay \$1 per annum, but such persons shall keep such special records relating to receipt, disposal, and stocks on hand of the aforesaid drugs as the Commissioner of Narcotics, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may by regulation require. Such special records shall be open at all times to the inspection

of any duly authorized officer, employee, or agent of the Treasury Department."

(b) The second proviso of section 6 of the said Act of December 17, 1914, as amended, is amended by inserting after the words "mentioned in this section" the following: "lawfully entitled to manufacture, produce, compounds, or vend such preparations and remedies."

(c) This section shall take effect on July 1, 1936.

Article 113, to be added to Narcotic Regulations No. 5, is hereby promulgated to read as follows:

**Special Records Required of Registrants in Class 6.**—Persons who are lawfully entitled to obtain and use in a laboratory any narcotic drugs or preparations for the purpose of research, instruction, or analysis, and who are registered in Class 6, are required

to keep complete records relating to the receipt, disposal, and stocks, on hand, of all narcotic drugs and preparations. Duplicate copies of official order forms used to obtain narcotic drugs and preparations shall be retained (see Art. 70 of Regulations No. 5, as amended) and inventory on Form 713 shall be prepared, the original of which must be kept on file by the maker and the duplicate forwarded to the collector of internal revenue with the application for registration (see Art. 6 of Regulations No. 5). A special record shall be kept showing the date, kind, and quantity of narcotic drug or preparation used, the particular purpose or object of such use, and of the identification and disposition of the narcotics or resulting products or residues so used, showing the date, quantity of resulting products or residues, and manner of disposition. The Government does not furnish blanks for the keeping of this record, but it should be in the following form, which lists sample items as a guide:

Narcotics used				Identification and disposition of narcotics or resulting products and residues			
Date	Kind	Quantity	Purpose	Date	Products or residues	Quantity	Disposition (destroyed, retained, or returned)
	Thebaine	1 oz.	Experimental synthesis		None	None	All residues destroyed.
	Morphine	1 oz.	Experimental synthesis		Cocaine	1/4 oz.	Retained for instructional exhibit.
	Narcotine	30 gr.	Mineral analysis		None	None	Consumed in analysis.
	Crude opium	1 lb.	Assay		Crude opium	1/4 lb.	Returned to registered person desiring assay on order form No.—.

Official order forms shall be used to cover all transfers of narcotic drugs to and from registrants in Class 6, including preparations and remedies which might otherwise be exempt from this requirement under Section 6 of the Harrison Narcotic Law, as amended. Articles 65 and 106 of Regulations No. 5 are modified accordingly.

Any product or residue resulting from the use of a narcotic drug or preparation obtained upon an order form, which is desired to be retained for further research, instruction or analysis, shall be placed in a container legibly labeled with the name of the narcotic drug or preparation and the date produced.

Any sale of a narcotic drug or preparation by a registrant in Class 6 shall render him liable to registration and to payment of tax in Classes 1 or 2, as the facts may warrant, and to compliance with all other requirements of the law and regulations governing sales by registrants in Classes 1 or 2.

The general provisions of Regulations No. 5, except as herein modified, shall be applicable to all transactions or activities under Class 6, unless inconsistent with the intent and purpose of Section 806 of the Revenue Act of 1936, and this Treasury Decision.

GUY T. HELVERING,  
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

[SEAL]

WILL S. WOOD,  
Acting Commissioner of Narcotics.

Approved, July 2, 1936.

WAYNE C. TAYLOR,  
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F.R. Doc. 1145—Filed, July 7, 1936; 4:29 p. m.]

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Agricultural Adjustment Administration.

ECR—B-2 Supplement (a) Issued July 7, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—EAST CENTRAL REGION

[Bulletin No. 2—Supplement (a)]

SEEDING PERENNIAL GRASSES AND CONDITIONS RELATING TO THE USE OF GROUND LIMESTONE AND SUPERPHOSPHATE

Section 1, Practices and Payments, is hereby amended (a) by changing subsections IV and V to read as follows, without

changing footnote 3 to said subsections or the rates of application per acre and rates of payment for each acre on which practice is carried out, set forth in said subsections, and (b) by adding the following new subsection VII:

*Practice and conditions—payment for each acre on which practice is carried out*

### IV. IMPROVING LAND BY THE USE OF GROUND LIMESTONE

Applying between January 1, 1936, and October 31, 1936, ground limestone, or its equivalent,<sup>3</sup> on land used in 1936 for the production of any soil-conserving crop; or, in connection with seeding any legume or green manure crop listed under I or II of this section; or, on which small grain is seeded between September 1, 1936, and October 31, 1936, where the county committee finds that such application is made in preparation for seeding, in connection with the small grain crop, any legume or green manure crop listed under I or II of this section.

### V. IMPROVING LAND BY THE USE OF SUPERPHOSPHATE

Applying between January 1, 1936, and October 31, 1936, 16 percent superphosphate or its equivalent,<sup>3</sup> on land used in 1936 for the production of any soil-conserving crop, or in connection with seeding any legume or green manure crop listed under I or II of this section.

### VII. SEEDING PERENNIAL GRASSES

Seeding any of the following crops between January 1, 1936, and October 31, 1936, with or without a nurse crop, provided that such seeding is at a normal rate per acre for the locality:

1. Bluegrass: \$2.00.
2. Orchard grass, or permanent pasture mixtures of grasses or of grasses and legumes, at least 40 percent bluegrass: \$1.50.
3. Permanent pasture mixtures of grasses or of grasses and legumes, at least 40 percent orchard grass: \$1.25.
4. Redtop, or permanent pasture mixtures of grasses or of grasses and legumes, at least 40 percent redtop: \$0.75.

In testimony whereof, M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 7th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,  
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F.R. Doc. 1130—Filed, July 7, 1936; 12:02 p. m.]

NCR—B-3

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—NORTH CENTRAL REGION

BULLETIN NO. 3

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domes-

tic Allotment Act, North Central Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised,<sup>1</sup> as amended, is hereby supplemented as follows:

**SECTION 1. County Average Rates of Soil Conserving Payments for Diversion from the General Soil Depleting Bases to Soil Conserving Crops.**—In accordance with the provisions of Section 2a, Part II, of N. C. R.—B-1, Revised, and subject to the provisions of said bulletin and all other bulletins heretofore or hereafter issued, the county average rates of payment per acre to be used in determining payments for each acre diverted in 1936 from the general soil-depleting base to the production of any soil-conserving crop shall be as follows in the respective counties of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, South Dakota, and Nebraska.

## OHIO

## County—rate of payment per acre

Allen, \$13.40; Defiance, \$13.10; Fulton, \$14.40; Hancock, \$14.00; Henry, \$14.40; Lucas, \$14.80; Paulding, \$12.10; Putnam, \$14.20; Van Wert, \$13.20; Williams, \$14.40; Wood, \$14.00.

Ashland, \$12.50; Crawford, \$13.50; Erie, \$13.50; Huron, \$13.00; Lorain, \$12.70; Ottawa, \$14.60; Richland, \$12.70; Sandusky, \$14.10; Seneca, \$13.70; Wyandot, \$13.10.

Ashtabula, \$11.60; Columbiana, \$11.70; Cuyahoga, \$12.00; Geauga, \$12.40; Lake, \$11.80; Mahoning, \$12.60; Medina, \$12.60; Portage, \$12.40; Stark, \$13.10; Summit, \$12.70; Trumbull, \$12.10; Wayne, \$14.20.

Auglaize, \$13.40; Champaign, \$13.70; Clark, \$13.50; Darke, \$13.00; Hardin, \$13.10; Logan, \$12.20; Mercer, \$13.20; Miami, \$13.60; Shelby, \$12.60.

Delaware, \$12.50; Fairfield, \$12.90; Fayette, \$13.30; Franklin, \$13.10; Knox, \$13.10; Licking, \$12.60; Madison, \$12.90; Marion, \$12.40; Morrow, \$12.30; Pickaway, \$13.20; Ross, \$12.50; Union, \$12.10.

Belmont, \$11.60; Carroll, \$11.20; Coshocton, \$12.30; Harrison, \$11.90; Holmes, \$12.40; Jefferson, \$11.80; Tuscarawas, \$12.40.

Butler, \$12.70; Clermont, \$10.20; Clinton, \$12.90; Greene, \$13.30; Hamilton, \$12.20; Montgomery, \$13.10; Preble, \$13.60; Warren, \$12.50.

Adams, \$9.80; Brown, \$9.80; Gallia, \$10.50; Highland, \$11.20; Jackson, \$10.70; Lawrence, \$9.80; Pike, \$10.60; Scioto, \$11.40.

Athens, \$11.40; Guernsey, \$10.90; Hocking, \$10.70; Meigs, \$11.10; Monroe, \$10.50; Morgan, \$11.60; Muskingum, \$11.90; Noble, \$11.20; Perry, \$11.60; Vinton, \$10.30; Washington, \$11.10.

## INDIANA

## County—Rate of payment per acre

Benton, \$11.60; Jasper, \$10.60; Lake, \$11.30; La Porte, \$10.80; Newton, \$11.80; Porter, \$10.70; Pulaski, \$10.70; Starke, \$9.60; White, \$11.80.

Carroll, \$13.30; Cass, \$12.80; Elkhart, \$11.80; Fulton, \$11.30; Kosciusko, \$12.80; Marshall, \$12.00; Miami, \$13.80; St. Joseph, \$11.20; Wabash, \$13.40.

Adams, \$12.30; Allen, \$13.00; DeKalb, \$12.30; Huntington, \$12.70; Legerange, \$11.70; Noble, \$12.90; Steuben, \$12.60; Wells, \$12.40; Whitley, \$12.20.

Clay, \$10.10; Fountain, \$11.10; Montgomery, \$12.70; Owen, \$9.50; Parke, \$11.00; Putnam, \$10.80; Tippecanoe, \$11.90; Vermillion, \$10.60; Vigo, \$10.20; Warren, \$11.10.

Bartholomew, \$11.40; Boone, \$12.20; Clinton, \$13.80; Decatur, \$13.00; Grant, \$13.90; Hamilton, \$13.60; Hancock, \$12.30; Hendricks, \$13.20; Howard, \$14.30; Johnson, \$13.70; Madison, \$13.60; Marion, \$12.70; Morgan, \$12.10; Rush, \$13.90; Shelby, \$12.20; Tipton, \$15.00.

Blackford, \$11.30; Delaware, \$13.40; Fayette, \$14.30; Henry, \$13.30; Jay, \$11.40; Randolph, \$12.90; Union, \$15.10; Wayne, \$13.40.

Dayless, \$10.30; Dubois, \$9.60; Gibson, \$11.10; Greene, \$10.50; Knox, \$11.00; Martin, \$10.30; Pike, \$9.40; Posey, \$10.50; Spencer, \$9.10; Sullivan, \$10.60; Vanderburgh, \$11.00; Warrick, \$9.80.

Brown, \$9.60; Crawford, \$8.40; Floyd, \$10.00; Harrison, \$9.30; Jackson, \$10.40; Lawrence, \$10.60; Monroe, \$10.10; Orange, \$9.50; Perry, \$9.00; Washington, \$9.80.

Clark, \$9.80; Dearborn, \$10.50; Franklin, \$12.20; Jefferson, \$9.90; Jennings, \$9.60; Ohio, \$10.80; Ripley, \$9.90; Scott, \$9.40; Switzerland, \$10.70.

## ILLINOIS

## County—Rate of payment per acre

Bureau, \$15.10; Carroll, \$14.60; Henry, \$14.60; Jo Daviess, \$13.80; Lee, \$14.10; Mercer, \$14.50; Ogle, \$13.60; Putnam, \$15.00; Rock Island, \$14.00; Stephenson, \$13.70; Whiteside, \$14.70; Winnebago, \$12.50.

Boone, \$12.80; Cook, \$13.10; De Kalb, \$14.80; Du Page, \$13.30; Grundy, \$12.70; Kane, \$14.60; Kendall, \$13.00; Lake, \$13.10; LaSalle, \$13.90; McHenry, \$13.70; Will, \$11.90.

Adams, \$12.50; Brown, \$12.80; Fulton, \$13.70; Hancock, \$12.80; Henderson, \$14.10; Knox, \$14.40; McDonough, \$13.80; Schuyler, \$12.80; Warren, \$14.60.

Bond, \$8.70; Calhoun, \$13.40; Cass, \$13.30; Christian, \$12.50; Greene, \$13.00; Jersey, \$11.80; Macoupin, \$11.40; Madison, \$10.90; Montgomery, \$10.20; Morgan, \$13.90; Pike, \$12.50; Sangamon, \$13.30; Scott, \$13.80.

De Witt, \$12.70; Logan, \$13.60; McLean, \$13.50; Macon, \$13.80; Marshall, \$13.00; Mason, \$11.50; Menard, \$13.10; Peoria, \$13.20; Stark, \$13.50; Tazewell, \$13.70; Woodford, \$14.80.

<sup>1</sup> 1 F. R. 233.

Champaign, \$13.60; Ford, \$12.50; Troquois, \$12.10; Kankakee, \$11.80; Livingston, \$12.90; Platt, \$13.90; Vermillion, \$11.90.

Clark, \$10.20; Clay, \$8.40; Coles, \$12.10; Crawford, \$10.40; Cumberland, \$9.50; Douglas, \$12.90; Edgar, \$13.10; Effingham, \$8.30; Fayette, \$8.90; Jasper, \$8.30; Lawrence, \$9.80; Marion, \$8.00; Moultrie, \$12.70; Richland, \$8.20; Shelby, \$11.10.

Alexander, \$10.00; Clinton, \$9.50; Jackson, \$10.50; Johnson, \$9.00; Monroe, \$11.30; Perry, \$7.80; Pulaski, \$10.60; Randolph, \$9.00; St. Clair, \$10.30; Union, \$10.80; Washington, \$8.20; Williamson, \$8.90.

Edwards, \$9.50; Franklin, \$8.00; Gallatin, \$10.30; Hamilton, \$8.70; Hardin, \$8.70; Jefferson, \$7.90; Massac, \$9.70; Pope, \$8.70; Saline, \$9.60; Wabash, \$11.00; Wayne, \$8.60; White, \$9.90.

## MICHIGAN

## County—Rate of payment per acre

Alger, \$10.20; Baraga, \$11.40; Chippewa, \$10.70; Delta, \$9.60; Dickinson, \$11.30; Gogebic, \$10.70; Houghton, \$10.90; Iron, \$10.80; Keweenaw, \$9.60; Luce, \$10.80; Mackinac, \$8.90; Marquette, \$10.00; Menominee, \$10.70; Ontonagon, \$9.60; Schoolcraft, \$10.40.

Antrim, \$10.20; Benzie, \$8.40; Charlevoix, \$9.90; Emmet, \$10.70; Grand Traverse, \$9.40; Kalkaska, \$8.00; Leelanau, \$9.30; Manistee, \$8.70; Missaukee, \$8.70; Wexford, \$8.30.

Alcona, \$9.90; Alpena, \$9.60; Cheboygan, \$10.00; Crawford, \$9.60; Iosco, \$9.40; Montmorency, \$8.60; Ogemaw, \$9.50; Oscoda, \$8.60; Otsego, \$9.20; Presque Isle, \$10.90; Roscommon, \$7.70.

Lake, \$8.30; Mason, \$8.90; Muskegon, \$9.60; Newaygo, \$9.00; Oceana, \$8.60.

Clare, \$8.90; Gladwin, \$9.50; Gratiot, \$11.70; Isabella, \$10.00; Mecosta, \$8.10; Midland, \$10.50; Montcalm, \$9.80; Osceola, \$8.80.

Arenac, \$9.10; Bay, \$11.20; Huron, \$11.80; Saginaw, \$11.30; Sanilac, \$10.30; Tuscola, \$11.60.

Allegan, \$11.00; Berrien, \$11.70; Cass, \$10.60; Kalamazoo, \$10.50; Kent, \$10.60; Ottawa, \$11.40; Van Buren, \$9.90.

Barry, \$11.10; Branch, \$11.10; Calhoun, \$11.10; Clinton, \$12.20; Eaton, \$12.20; Hillsdale, \$11.90; Ingham, \$11.00; Ionia, \$11.60; Jackson, \$10.50; St. Joseph, \$10.20; Shiawassee, \$11.20.

Conesee, \$11.70; Lapeer, \$10.70; Lenawee, \$13.10; Livingston, \$11.00; Macomb, \$11.50; Monroe, \$13.20; Oakland, \$11.00; St. Clair, \$10.40; Washtenaw, \$12.00; Wayne, \$11.90.

## WISCONSIN

## County—Rate of payment per acre

Barron, \$11.70; Bayfield, \$10.60; Burnett, \$9.70; Chippewa, \$10.90; Douglas, \$11.10; Polk, \$11.10; Rusk, \$11.00; Sawyer, \$9.90; Washburn, \$9.80.

Ashland, \$9.90; Clark, \$11.30; Iron, \$10.30; Lincoln, \$10.30; Marathon, \$10.60; Oneida, \$9.70; Price, \$10.30; Taylor, \$11.10; Vilas, \$9.50.

Florence, \$9.50; Forest, \$10.10; Langlade, \$10.90; Marinette, \$9.60; Oconto, \$10.20; Shawano, \$11.20.

Buffalo, \$12.30; Dunn, \$11.20; Eau Claire, \$10.80; Jackson, \$10.90; La Crosse, \$12.40; Monroe, \$11.80; Pepin, \$11.80; Pierce, \$12.30; St. Croix, \$11.10; Trempealeau, \$11.50.

Adams, \$7.10; Green Lake, \$11.90; Juneau, \$10.10; Marquette, \$9.40; Portage, \$8.40; Waupaca, \$11.20; Waushara, \$8.70; Wood, \$10.30.

Brown, \$11.60; Calumet, \$12.90; Door, \$10.20; Fond du Lac, \$12.80; Kewaunee, \$11.80; Manitowoc, \$12.90; Outagamie, \$12.40; Sheboygan, \$13.50; Winnebago, \$12.80.

Crawford, \$12.20; Grant, \$13.00; Iowa, \$12.50; Lafayette, \$12.70; Richland, \$12.20; Sauk, \$11.50; Vernon, \$12.10.

Columbia, \$11.60; Dane, \$12.40; Dodge, \$13.90; Green, \$12.90; Jefferson, \$13.70; Rook, \$12.50.

Kenosha, \$12.70; Milwaukee, \$12.50; Ozaukee, \$13.20; Racine, \$13.20; Walworth, \$12.90; Washington, \$13.70; Waukesha, \$12.80.

## MINNESOTA

## County—Rate of payment per acre

Becker, \$9.10; Clay, \$8.80; Clearwater, \$10.10; Kittson, \$7.80; Mahanomen, \$8.80; Marshall, \$8.00; Norman, \$9.00; Pennington, \$8.50; Polk, \$9.30; Red Lake, \$8.40; Roseau, \$8.70.

Beltrami, \$9.70; Cass, \$8.90; Hubbard, \$8.00; Itasca, \$10.30; Koochiching, \$10.70; Lake of the Woods, \$10.00.

Cook, \$9.10; Lake, \$9.30; St. Louis, \$10.60.

Big Stone, \$9.20; Chippewa, \$11.00; Douglas, \$10.40; Grant, \$9.80; Lac qui Parle, \$10.20; Otter Tail, \$9.70; Pope, \$9.70; Stevens, \$10.00; Swift, \$9.80; Traverse, \$9.10; Wilkin, \$8.90; Yellow Medicine, \$11.60.

Benton, \$10.20; Carver, \$15.90; Kandiyohi, \$11.70; McLeod, \$14.10; Meeker, \$11.90; Morrison, \$9.30; Renville, \$11.90; Scott, \$14.20; Sherburne, \$8.80; Sibley, \$14.00; Stearns, \$10.70; Todd, \$10.30; Wadena, \$8.40; Wright, \$12.10.

Aitkin, \$10.40; Anoka, \$9.80; Carlton, \$10.70; Chisago, \$11.10; Crow Wing, \$9.30; Hennepin, \$12.10; Isanti, \$10.30; Kanabec, \$10.40; Mille Lacs, \$11.20; Pine, \$10.50; Ramsey, \$10.90; Washington, \$10.90.

Cottonwood, \$11.90; Jackson, \$12.80; Lincoln, \$10.60; Lyon, \$11.60; Murray, \$11.40; Nobles, \$12.30; Pipestone, \$10.50; Redwood, \$12.10; Rock, \$11.50.

Blue Earth, \$13.80; Brown, \$12.90; Faribault, \$13.50; Freeborn, \$13.60; Le Sueur, \$14.40; Martin, \$13.30; Nicollet, \$13.80; Rice, \$13.80; Steele, \$13.60; Waseca, \$13.20; Watonwan, \$13.20.

Dakota, \$11.30; Dodge, \$11.40; Fillmore, \$12.30; Goodhue, \$12.70; Houston, \$13.30; Mower, \$11.40; Olmsted, \$11.90; Wabasha, \$12.60; Winona, \$12.40.



## IOWA

## County—Rate of payment per acre

Buena Vista, \$14.10; Cherokee, \$13.60; Clay, \$13.10; Dickinson, \$12.60; Emmet, \$12.90; Lyon, \$11.90; O'Brien, \$13.80; Osceola, \$12.90; Palo Alto, \$12.80; Plymouth, \$11.90; Pocahontas, \$13.50; Sioux, \$12.70.  
 Butler, \$12.10; Cerro Gordo, \$12.60; Floyd, \$12.10; Franklin, \$13.60; Hancock, \$13.10; Humboldt, \$14.50; Kossuth, \$13.70; Mitchell, \$12.40; Winnebago, \$13.20; Worth, \$12.40; Wright, \$14.10.  
 Allamakee, \$13.30; Black Hawk, \$13.90; Bremer, \$13.30; Buchanan, \$12.10; Chickasaw, \$11.80; Clayton, \$14.20; Delaware, \$13.10; Dubuque, \$13.30; Fayette, \$12.70; Howard, \$11.30; Winneshiek, \$13.60.  
 Audubon, \$13.60; Calhoun, \$14.20; Carroll, \$13.80; Crawford, \$13.00; Greene, \$14.10; Guthrie, \$13.50; Harrison, \$12.80; Ida, \$13.10; Monona, \$13.10; Sac, \$14.30; Shelby, \$13.80; Woodbury, \$12.30.  
 Boone, \$14.50; Dallas, \$15.00; Grundy, \$14.20; Hamilton, \$14.70; Hardin, \$13.80; Jasper, \$14.80; Marshall, \$15.00; Polk, \$14.60; Poweshick, \$14.60; Story, \$14.60; Tama, \$14.70; Webster, \$13.80.  
 Benton, \$14.40; Cedar, \$15.80; Clinton, \$14.50; Iowa, \$14.80; Jackson, \$13.30; Johnson, \$15.10; Jones, \$14.90; Linn, \$13.90; Muscatine, \$13.80; Scott, \$15.50.  
 Adair, \$13.20; Adams, \$12.80; Cass, \$13.10; Fremont, \$13.30; Mills, \$13.60; Montgomery, \$13.80; Page, \$13.60; Pottawattamie, \$13.90; Taylor, \$11.30.  
 Appanoose, \$10.00; Clarke, \$11.60; Decatur, \$10.30; Lucas, \$11.20; Madison, \$13.70; Marion, \$14.00; Monroe, \$11.10; Ringgold, \$10.60; Union, \$11.90; Warren, \$13.50; Wayne, \$10.30.  
 Davis, \$10.10; Des Moines, \$13.90; Henry, \$14.30; Jefferson, \$11.90; Keokuk, \$13.60; Lee, \$11.50; Louisa, \$13.50; Mahaska, \$14.20; Van Buren, \$10.40; Wapello, \$11.70; Washington, \$14.60.

## MISSOURI

## County—Rate of payment per acre

Andrew, \$11.70; Atchison, \$12.30; Buchanan, \$11.40; Caldwell, \$9.90; Clay, \$10.60; Clinton, \$11.10; Daviess, \$9.90; DeKalb, \$9.30; Gentry, \$9.90; Harrison, \$10.00; Holt, \$12.30; Nodaway, \$10.60; Platte, \$11.90; Ray, \$10.70; Worth, \$10.20.  
 Adair, \$9.60; Carroll, \$10.60; Chariton, \$10.50; Grundy, \$9.60; Linn, \$10.40; Livingston, \$9.60; Macon, \$9.40; Mercer, \$10.10; Putnam, \$10.70; Randolph, \$9.20; Schuyler, \$10.20; Sullivan, \$10.40.  
 Audrain, \$7.80; Clark, \$9.80; Knox, \$9.60; Lewis, \$9.60; Marion, \$10.10; Monroe, \$9.20; Pike, \$9.80; Ralls, \$9.50; Scotland, \$9.40; Shelby, \$9.60.  
 Bates, \$8.00; Cass, \$9.80; Cedar, \$7.50; Henry, \$7.80; Jackson, \$11.20; Johnson, \$8.90; Lafayette, \$11.40; St. Clair, \$7.60; Vernon, \$7.20.  
 Benton, \$8.40; Boone, \$9.20; Callaway, \$8.70; Camden, \$8.10; Cole, \$9.40; Cooper, \$9.30; Dallas, \$7.30; Hickory, \$7.50; Howard, \$10.20; Laclede, \$8.20; Maries, \$8.00; Miller, \$8.70; Monticau, \$9.00; Morgan, \$8.80; Osage, \$9.60; Pettis, \$9.30; Phelps, \$7.90; Polk, \$8.30; Pulaski, \$8.40; Saline, \$11.00.  
 Crawford, \$7.60; Franklin, \$8.90; Gasconade, \$8.40; Jefferson, \$9.70; Lincoln, \$9.30; Montgomery, \$8.30; Perry, \$9.50; St. Charles, \$10.80; St. Francois, \$8.10; Ste. Genevieve, \$9.20; St. Louis, \$10.90; Warren, \$9.00; Washington, \$7.80.  
 Barry, \$7.60; Barton, \$7.20; Christian, \$8.70; Dade, \$7.90; Greene, \$9.20; Jasper, \$8.00; Lawrence, \$7.90; McDonald, \$7.30; Newton, \$7.70; Stone, \$7.80.  
 Bollinger, \$7.50; Carter, \$7.10; Dent, \$7.90; Douglas, \$6.70; Howell, \$6.60; Iron, \$6.30; Madison, \$7.40; Oregon, \$7.00; Ozark, \$6.00; Reynolds, \$7.10; Ripley, \$7.00; Shannon, \$7.10; Taney, \$7.50; Texas, \$7.30; Wayne, \$7.30; Webster, \$8.00; Wright, \$7.50.  
 Butler, \$8.00; Cape Girardeau, \$9.50; Dunklin, \$9.10; Mississippi, \$9.60; New Madrid, \$9.40; Pemiscot, \$10.00; Scott, \$8.90; Stoddard, \$8.50.

## SOUTH DAKOTA

## County—Rate of payment per acre

Butte, \$10.00; Corson, \$6.10; Dewey, \$5.60; Harding, \$6.40; Perkins, \$6.40; Ziebach, \$5.20.  
 Brown, \$7.60; Campbell, \$6.50; Edmunds, \$7.00; Faulk, \$6.80; McPherson, \$7.00; Potter, \$7.10; Spink, \$6.50; Walworth, \$6.80.  
 Clark, \$7.10; Codington, \$8.40; Day, \$7.90; Deuel, \$9.20; Grant, \$8.50; Hamlin, \$8.50; Marshall, \$7.70; Roberts, \$8.40.  
 Armstrong, —; Haakon, \$6.50; Jackson, \$5.90; Lawrence, \$10.50; Meade, \$7.50; Pennington, \$7.90; Stanley, \$5.90.  
 Aurora, \$6.30; Beadle, \$6.40; Brule, \$5.40; Buffalo, \$5.80; Hand, \$5.90; Hughes, \$5.60; Hyde, \$5.70; Jerauld, \$6.60; Sully, \$6.10.  
 Brookings, \$9.60; Davidson, \$7.20; Hanson, \$7.50; Kingsbury, \$8.20; Lake, \$9.50; McCook, \$8.50; Miner, \$7.20; Minnehaha, \$10.50; Moody, \$10.50; Sanborn, \$7.30.  
 Bennett, \$7.30; Custer, \$7.20; Fall River, \$6.10; Shannon, \$7.20; Washabaugh, \$5.90; Washington, \$6.00.  
 Gregory, \$7.20; Jones, \$6.20; Lyman, \$5.50; Mellette, \$5.90; Todd, \$6.20; Tripp, \$6.60.  
 Bon Homme, \$8.70; Charles Mix, \$6.80; Clay, \$10.60; Douglas, \$7.40; Hutchinson, \$8.50; Lincoln, \$10.90; Turner, \$10.20; Union, \$11.20; Yankton, \$10.00.

## NEBRASKA

## County—Rate of payment per acre

Banner, \$7.70; Box Butte, \$7.10; Cheyenne, \$7.50; Dawes, \$6.80; Deuel, \$8.30; Garden, \$7.90; Kimball, \$7.40; Morrill, \$8.00; Scotts Bluff, \$11.90; Sheridan, \$6.70; Sioux, \$7.30.

Arthur, \$6.10; Blaine, \$6.20; Boyd, \$6.70; Brown, \$5.80; Cherry, \$6.10; Garfield, \$6.40; Grant, \$6.10; Holt, \$6.10; Hooker, \$5.90; Keyapaha, \$5.30; Logan, \$6.60; Loup, \$6.30; McPherson, \$6.00; Rock, \$5.40; Thomas, \$5.70; Wheeler, \$6.20.

Antelope, \$8.30; Boone, \$9.00; Burt, \$13.50; Cedar, \$9.90; Cuming, \$13.00; Dakota, \$11.80; Dixon, \$10.40; Knox, \$8.50; Madison, \$10.10; Pierce, \$9.20; Stanton, \$11.60; Thurston, \$11.10; Wayne, \$11.10.

Buffalo, \$8.30; Custer, \$7.30; Dawson, \$9.10; Greeley, \$7.20; Hall, \$9.20; Howard, \$8.80; Sherman, \$7.70; Valley, \$7.80.

Butler, \$11.50; Cass, \$11.30; Colfax, \$11.70; Dodge, \$12.80; Douglas, \$12.20; Hamilton, \$10.40; Lancaster, \$10.80; Merrick, \$10.00; Nance, \$10.10; Platte, \$11.00; Polk, \$11.60; Sarpy, \$12.10; Saunders, \$11.30; Seward, \$12.10; Washington, \$12.80; York, \$11.00.

Chase, \$7.30; Dundy, \$7.10; Frontier, \$6.90; Hayes, \$6.90; Hitchcock, \$7.20; Keith, \$7.90; Lincoln, \$7.30; Perkins, \$7.70; Redwillow, \$7.00.

Adams, \$8.90; Franklin, \$7.50; Furnas, \$7.60; Gosper, \$8.00; Harlan, \$7.50; Kearney, \$8.50; Phelps, \$8.20; Webster, \$8.00.

Clay, \$9.70; Fillmore, \$10.70; Gage, \$10.60; Jefferson, \$10.50; Johnson, \$10.60; Nemaha, \$12.20; Nuckolls, \$8.90; Otoe, \$11.50; Pawnee, \$10.60; Richardson, \$12.60; Saline, \$11.70; Thayer, \$10.00.

Section 2. Rates of Payments as Applied to Individual Farms.—For individual farms in the foregoing counties, the rate of payment for each acre of the general soil-depleting base which in 1936 is diverted to the production of any soil-conserving crop shall be that rate determined by multiplying the county average rate for the county in which the farm is located by the productivity index established for such farm in accordance with the provisions of N. C. R.-8, Revised, and then dividing the result by 100.

In testimony whereof, M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, this 3rd day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,  
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 1131—Filed, July 7, 1936; 12:02 p. m.]

WR-B-1 Revised, Supplement (d)

Issued July 6, 1936

## 1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

## BULLETIN NO. 1 REVISED, SUPPLEMENT (D)

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1 Revised, as amended by Supplements (a) to (c), inclusive, is hereby amended as follows:

In the counties set out below which are designated as "Emergency Drought Counties", and in such other counties as may hereafter be so designated by the Director,

(1) Crop land devoted to the crops specified in Section 1, Part IV of Bulletin No. 1 Revised, except corn, when harvested for hay or pastured, shall be regarded as devoted to neutral uses within the meaning of Section 3, Part IV of Bulletin No. 1 Revised.

(2) Crop land devoted to the crops specified in Section 2 (a) (b), (c), or (d), Part IV of Bulletin No. 1 Revised, seeded with a nurse crop as specified in said subsections, when such nurse crops are pastured, clipped green, or cut for hay, shall be regarded as devoted to soil-conserving crops within the meaning of Section 2, Part IV of Bulletin No. 1 Revised, and

(3) Crop land may be used for the production of emergency forage crops (such as Sudan grasses, spring grains, sorghums, or millets) when such crops are cut for hay or pastured, without such uses being regarded as changing the classification of such acreage:

Provided, That the soil-building allowance for such farm shall not exceed an amount equal to \$1 multiplied by a number of acres equal to fifteen percent of the total soil-depleting base for such farm; and

Provided, further, That written request on a form to be prescribed by the Secretary to apply the provisions of this bulletin to the farm signed by all persons entitled to share in payments to be made with respect to the farm is filed in the office of the County Committee.

In testimony whereof, M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the

city of Washington, District of Columbia, this 6th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,  
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

The following counties are hereby designated as emergency drouth counties:

*Montana.*—Hill, Blaine, Phillips, Valley, Daniels, Sheridan, Robsevelt, Chouteau, Judith Basin, Fergus, Petroleum, Garfield, McCone, Richland, Dawson, Prairie, Wibaux, Golden Valley, Musselshell, Stillwater, Yellowstone, Treasure, Rosebud, Custer, Fallon, Carbon, Big Horn, Powder River, Carter.

*North Dakota.*—Divide, Burke, Renville, Bottineau, Rolette, Towner, Williams, Mountrail, Ward, McHenry, Pierce, Benson, McKenzie, Dunn, Mercer, Oliver, McLean, Sheridan, Wells, Eddy, Foster, Golden Valley, Billings, Stark, Morton, Burleigh, Kidder, Stutsman, Slope, Hettinger, Bowman, Adams, Grant, Sioux, Emmons, Logan, McIntosh.

*Wyoming.*—Campbell, Converse, Crook, Goshen, Johnson, Natrona, Niobrara, Platte, Sheridan, Weston.

[F. R. Doc. 1148—Filed, July 8, 1936; 12:12 p. m.]

NSCP—B-1

Issued July 6, 1936

# 1936 NAVAL STORES CONSERVATION PROGRAM

## BULLETIN NO. 1

In order to promote the economic use and conservation of land and to diminish the wasteful and unscientific use of national soil resources, the Secretary of Agriculture, pursuant to the authority vested in him by Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act as supplemented by Section 7 (c) of Title IV of the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1936, Public, No. 739, 74th Congress, approved June 22, 1936, proposes to make payments to those producers of gum rosin and gum turpentine who operate their farms in accordance with the procedure outlined below.

## Definition of Terms

1. *Turpentine farm.*—The land and turpentine timber owned or leased, or operated on a share-crop basis, and under one management, which is being operated for the production of gum naval stores, and generally referred to as a "turpentine place."

2. *Gum naval stores.*—Gum, gum turpentine, and gum rosin produced from live trees. Gum naval stores does not include naval stores produced from dead timber, stumps, knots, etc.

3. *Producer.*—Any person or persons, firm, association, partnership, or corporation, operating a turpentine farm (whether wholly or partially under fee ownership, cash lease, percentage lease, or other control) producing gum naval stores and regardless of how or where the raw product may be processed.

4. *Face.*—The wound or streaks made by chipping, streaking, or pulling live trees to stimulate the flow of gum.

5. *Cup.*—A metal, clay, or other container hung on or below the face to accumulate the flow of gum.

6. *Operating tree, working tree.*—Any tree being currently worked or chipped for naval stores.

7. *Crop.*—10,000 turpentine faces.

8. *Unit.*—A unit consists of 1 barrel (50 gallons) of turpentine plus 3 1/3 barrels (approximately 500 pounds each) of rosin.

## Kind of Payments

Payment will be made to producers who in 1936 carry out the following approved practices, with respect to turpentine trees which were being currently worked for naval stores, on or within 24 days prior to August 1, 1936.

## Conditions of Payments

Payment will be made in connection with the utilization, during the period July 1, 1936, to November 1, 1936, of land devoted to growing trees for the production of gum turpentine and gum rosin, in the amounts and subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth.

1. Payment will be made on the basis of the number of faces from which cups are removed, on or within two weeks

prior to August 1, 1936, from trees which were in production on July 1, 1936, and on which chipping, streaking, or pulling was stopped on or within one week prior to July 15, 1936, provided such trees remain out of production for the remainder of the operating season (until November 1, 1936).

2. Payment will be made at the following rates: For faces 66.0 inches or less in height, \$.04 per face. For faces more than 66.0 inches in height, \$.025 per face. Measurements will be taken vertically between lowest point of wound face (first wound of virgin face) and highest point of wound (shoulder side of streak).

3. Payment to any one turpentine farm may be granted for the number of working faces from which cups are removed in an amount not exceeding 25 percent of the number of faces in operation on such farm on July 1, 1936.

4. Trees on which turpentine operations are stopped shall be on compact or solid areas to the extent that the physical or administrative feature of the operation will permit such consolidation. If the removal is made in a given block, tract, or crop of trees then all (100%) of the trees in such block, tract, or crop are to be removed from production unless such complete (100%) removal will cause the operator to exceed his 25% limitation as required under No. 3 above, but in any event the trees withdrawn from production must be as nearly contiguous as possible.

5. Cessation of operation of trees shall be effected, as far as practicable, in stands of timber having a high percentage of cups on trees less than 9 inches in diameter breast high (4 1/2 feet above the ground).

6. Should the applications for payment show a total removal of more than 25% of the total number of cups in operation in the industry the rates of payment may be reduced not to exceed 10%; if they show a reduction of less than 25%, the rates of payment may be increased not to exceed 10%.

7. The applicant for payment shall have protected from fire the forest land within his turpentine farm whether owned, leased, or otherwise controlled, during the period July 15, 1936, to November 1, 1936, to the best of his ability and in doing so shall cooperate with the State and Federal governments in any cooperative forest fire protection system that exists contiguous to his turpentine farm or within the area in which such farm is situated. Accidental fires or fires clearly not due to the negligence of the applicant shall not constitute noncompliance with this provision.

## Application for Payment

Payment will be made to the producer who operates the turpentine farm, that is, the person or persons, firm, association, partnership, or corporation that conducts the turpentine operation. Each producer desiring payment shall file a Certificate of Performance properly and completely filled out and signed, covering each turpentine farm owned, leased, or otherwise controlled, and being operated by him, with respect to which he applies for payment.

Application for payment may be made by:

(a) Any turpentine producer who is actively producing gum naval stores in the period July 1 to 15, 1936, on land owned, leased, or otherwise controlled by him.

(b) Such other persons as may be designated by the Secretary of Agriculture.

## Administration

The field work in connection with this program will be done by the Forest Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, through the office of the Regional Forester, U. S. Forest Service, Glenn Building, Atlanta, Georgia.

In testimony whereof, M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, this 6th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,  
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 1149—Filed, July 8, 1936; 12:13 p. m.]

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

## HOLDING COMPANY ACT

## AMENDMENTS TO RULE 9A2-2 UNDER SECTION 9 (A) (2)

Acting pursuant to the authority conferred upon it by the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, particularly Section 3 (d) thereof, and finding such action necessary and appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors and consumers, and not contrary to the purposes of said Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission hereby amends Rule 9A2-2 to read as follows:

**RULE 9A2-2. Exemption of Certain Brokers, Dealers, and Underwriters from Section 9 (a) (2).**—(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this Rule, any person who is a broker, dealer, or underwriter, and who

(1) is not a holding company, or has filed in good faith an application for an order of the Commission declaring such person not to be a holding company, or

(2) is exempt as a holding company by virtue of any rule or order of the Commission or the filing in good faith of an application for such an order,

shall be exempt from any obligations, duties, or liabilities imposed upon such person as an affiliate of a public-utility or holding company by Section 9 (a) (2) with respect to any acquisition of a security in the ordinary course of its business as a broker, dealer, or underwriter.

(b) If, immediately before the acquisition in question, such person and any associate thereof (as defined in paragraph (c) of this Rule) shall own, directly or indirectly as beneficial owner or owners, 10 per cent or more of the outstanding voting securities of any public-utility or holding company, the exemption provided by this Rule shall not be applicable to such person with respect to:

(1) the acquisition of any security of such company or any subsidiary company thereof by such person as an underwriter unless such person becomes such underwriter pursuant to competitive bidding open to at least three responsible underwriters; or

(2) the acquisition of any voting security of such company by such person as a dealer (but not as a broker).

(c) As used in this Rule: "broker" and "dealer" have the meanings defined in Sections 2 (a) (4) and 2 (a) (5), respectively, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; "underwriter" has the meaning defined in Section 2 (11) of the Securities Act of 1933; and "associate" of a person means any other person or persons directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, such person.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 1152—Filed, July 8, 1936; 12:43 p. m.]

*United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on this 7th day of July 1936.

[File No. 32-25]

**IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT COMPANY**

**NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING AND ORDER DESIGNATING TRIAL EXAMINER**

An application having been duly filed with this Commission by The Laclede Gas Light Company, a Missouri corporation and a subsidiary of a registered holding company, pursuant to Section 6 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, for exemption from the provisions of Section 6 (a) of the said Act requiring the filing of a declaration in connection with an issue of Refunding and Extension Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds originally issued April 1, 1904, maturing April 1, 1934, and extended by endorsement from

April 1, 1934, to April 1, 1939, and the said application reciting that the said securities are issued solely for the purpose of financing the business of the Applicant and that they have been expressly authorized by the Missouri Public Service Commission:

It is ordered, that the matter be set down for hearing on the 28th day of July 1936 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.; and

It is further ordered, that Robert P. Reeder, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to preside at such hearing, and authorized to adjourn said hearing from time to time, to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law; and

It is further ordered, that any interested state, state commission, state securities commission, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state, or any representative of interested consumers or security holders, or any other person, desiring to be admitted as a party in this proceeding or to offer evidence in this matter, shall give notice of such intention to the Commission, such notice to be received by the Commission not later than July 23, 1936.

Upon the completion of the taking of testimony in this matter, the officer conducting said hearing is directed to close the hearing and make his report to the Commission.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 1150—Filed, July 8, 1936; 12:43 p. m.]

*United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on this 7th day of July 1936.

[File No. 32-26]

**IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT COMPANY**

**NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING AND ORDER DESIGNATING TRIAL EXAMINER**

An application having been duly filed with this Commission by The Laclede Gas Light Company, a Missouri corporation and a subsidiary of a registered holding company, pursuant to Section 6 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, for exemption from the provisions of Section 6 (a) of the said Act requiring the filing of a declaration in connection with an issue of Collateral Trust Notes 6%, due August 1, 1942 (divided into Series "A" and Series "B"), offered in exchange for the 10-year 5½% Gold Notes of the company originally issued August 1, 1925, and maturing August 1, 1935, and said application reciting that the said securities are issued solely for the purpose of financing the business of the Applicant and that they have been expressly authorized by the Missouri Public Service Commission:

It is ordered, That the matter be set down for hearing on the 28th day of July 1936 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.; and

It is further ordered, that Robert P. Reeder, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to preside at such hearing, and authorized to adjourn said hearing from time to time, to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law; and

It is further ordered, that any interested state, state commission, state securities commission, municipality, or other



political subdivision of a state, or any representative of interested consumers or security holders, or any other person, desiring to be admitted as a party in this proceeding or to offer evidence in this matter, shall give notice of such intention to the Commission, such notice to be received by the Commission not later than July 23, 1936.

Upon the completion of the taking of testimony in this matter, the officer conducting said hearing is directed to close the hearing and make his report to the Commission.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 1151—Filed, July 8, 1936; 12:43 p. m.]

## VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION.

### REVISION OF REGULATIONS

#### REVISION OF RATING BOARD DECISIONS

R-1009. (A) No rating board will reverse or amend, except upon new and material evidence, a decision rendered by the same or any other rating board, or by any appellate authority, except where such reversal or amendment is clearly warranted by a change in law or by a specific change in interpretation thereof specifically provided for in a Veterans' Administration issue; provided, that a rating board may reverse or amend a decision by the same or any other rating board where such reversal or amendment is obviously warranted by a clear and unmistakable error shown by the evidence in file at the time the prior decision was rendered, but in each such case there shall be attached to each copy of the rating a signed statement by the rating board definitely fixing the responsibility for the erroneous decision. (See also R. & P. R-1201.)

(B) Whenever a rating board may be of the opinion that a revision or an amendment of a previous decision is warranted on the facts of record in the case at the time the decision in question was rendered, the complete file will be forwarded to the director, veterans claims service, accompanied by a complete and comprehensive statement of the facts in the case and a detailed explanation of the matters supporting the conclusion that a revision or amendment of the prior decision is in order. A rating decision will not be effected in any such case (January 25, 1936).

(C) Determinations in effect on March 19, 1933, will not be reversed in those cases comprehended within the provisions of Sections 27 and 28, Public, No. 141, 73d Congress, except as provided in these Sections. These cases, therefore, will not be referred to central office under subparagraph (B) above upon a difference of opinion. In the event clear and unmistakable error is discovered the rating board will take action as provided in subparagraph (A) above (July 8, 1936).

#### TRANSPORTATION AND TRAVELING EXPENSES OF CLAIMANTS AND BENEFICIARIES

R-6100. *Officials Empowered to Authorize Travel of Claimants or Beneficiaries.*—Subject to the conditions and within the limitations hereinafter specified, the following field officials of the Veterans' Administration are empowered to authorize the following travel:

(A) Manager, chief medical officer, or their designate or designates, in a regional office or facility with regional office activities: Necessary travel of claimants, beneficiaries, and needed attendant or attendants within the regional territory, and outside the regional territory when authority exists therefor. The manager's authority as to travel of claimants or beneficiaries will usually be exercised through the chief medical officer or the latter's designate or designates.

(13) Travel one way—from a private, state, or other government hospital to a facility under direct and exclusive jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration—when a beneficiary who is to be so transferred has been hospitalized upon authority of the Veterans' Administration the transfer to the facility under the direct and exclusive jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration will be made through the intermediation of the regional office of the territory in which the

private, state, or other government hospital is located, the transportation to be provided by the said regional office. This is a true inter-facility transfer. But, when the hospitalization of the beneficiary has not been upon authority of the Veterans' Administration (as when the patient has been hospitalized as a public charge or at the expense of relatives), then the application for hospital treatment or domiciliary care will be made by the patient or his representative to the manager of the nearest Veterans' Administration facility, who will determine eligibility, and if favorable, will supply transportation in accordance with the procedure now in effect for direct admissions. This is to be regarded as a direct admission, not an inter-facility transfer (July 8, 1936) (Veterans' Regulation No. 6—Series).

5226. *Authorizing Transportation Necessary for Appointment of a Guardian for, or for Commitment of, a Veteran Beneficiary.*—In any case wherein the insane veteran, for whom a guardian should be appointed or who should be committed, is in a facility and under the law of the state wherein the facility is located a guardian cannot be appointed locally, or, if commitment be necessary, such commitment may not be had locally, it may become necessary to have the veteran returned temporarily to his home in order that proper legal process may be served preliminary to the necessary legal proceedings. In such case if the facility is not more than 100 miles beyond the limits of the regional area the chief attorney may authorize the costs in accordance with existing regulations, including such necessary travel of the veteran and an attendant or attendants, if necessary. If the facility is more than 100 miles beyond the regional area limits the chief attorney will secure prior authority from the solicitor. In any event, the manager of the facility where the veteran is located will determine whether the veteran is able to travel for such purposes. It is reemphasized that such travel will not be authorized unless there be no other legal method of appointing a guardian, or committing the veteran, as the case may be (July 8, 1936) (Section 21, W. W. V. Act, as amended by Public, No. 262, 74th Congress).

[SEAL]

FRANK T. HINES,

*Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.*

[F. R. Doc. 1146—Filed, July 8, 1936; 11:23 a. m.]

Friday, July 10, 1936

No. 85

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

### Bureau of Internal Revenue.

[T. D. 4663]

#### REWARDS FOR INFORMATION LEADING TO THE DETECTION AND PUNISHMENT OF PERSONS VIOLATING INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS

Under and by virtue of the provisions of Section 3463 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which authorize the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to pay such sums as he may deem necessary, not exceeding in the aggregate the sum appropriated therefor, for detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal revenue laws, or conniving at violations of the same, in cases where such expenses are not otherwise provided for by law, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, does hereby offer for information given by persons other than officers of internal revenue, or persons appointed or employed in, or acting in connection with, the Internal Revenue Service, that shall lead to the detection and punishment of persons guilty of violating the internal revenue laws, or conniving at the same, such reward as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall deem suitable, *but in no case exceeding 10 per cent of the net amount of taxes, penalties, fines, and forfeitures which, by reason of said information, shall be paid irrecoverably to the United States through suit or otherwise.*

